

From (1938) Department

Miscellaneous SERIES.

G.O. No. 2083

DATED 20-4-1938

I. Condtl

24/4/38
[Despatch Abstract.]

Pobis Bangalore Town Station

*Death of Sankar Sheth in the lock up
Papers recorded*

1937

Public Department.

CUTTINGS FROM NEWSPAPERS.

1. Name of Paper — *Indian Express*
2. Published at — *Madras*
3. Dated — *8th May 1937*

*Sub
10/5-2-13/5-
Home*

DRIVER DIES IN POLICE LOCK-UP

A Mangalore Mystery Legislators Urge Enquiry

From Our Own Correspondent.
MANGALORE, May 7.

Sanku Shetty, a motor driver of Mangalore was arrested by the Police on Saturday last in pursuance of a warrant issued by the local Magistrate and put in the Police lock-up. He died in the Police lock-up and the post-mortem examination was held on Monday.

The Police explaining the death of the motor driver state that Sanku Shetty was allowed to answer calls of nature on Sunday morning, the day after his arrest. When he returned, he was offered food which he refused to take. The Police further stated that when the door of the lock-up was opened at about 3-15 on Sunday, Sanku Shetty was found dead. The body, it is reported, was removed to the hospital at about 8 in the evening for post-mortem examination. The post-mortem examination was actually held on Monday.

By this time a rumour had spread in the town that Sanku Shetty was beaten in the lock-up and had died there. A crowd of about 150 persons consisting of the dead man's relatives, and other motor drivers soon collected near the hospital gates and kept on waiting there till the dead body was delivered to them. The dead body was then taken in a procession.

The post-mortem was conducted by the District Medical Officer assisted by the Assistant Surgeon of the Wenlock Hospital, Mangalore. The findings of the officers are said to have been sent to the Divisional Magistrate in a sealed cover.

The public here are much agitated over the incident. Messrs. Eswara, B. V. Balga and Prof. C. J. Varkey, all members of the Madras Assembly, here, it is understood, have submitted a petition to the D.S.P. and the District Magistrate requesting them to make an investigation into the matter.



Home Department

Submitted for perusal.

If it is necessary to obtain a report from the D. M. the report was submitted for approval.

14/5

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14/5

Home Department

Memo - 1891A - 1 d 19-5-37

Office - Mangalore town -

Death of a motor driver in
the lock-up. - - -

The attention of the

in the Indian Express of the
Date 19th May 19371 regarding the
death of motor driver

D. M. of South Kanara is invited
to an article headed "Driver
dies in Police lock-up - A
Mangalore Mystery" ^{which} ~~appeared~~ in
~~the Indian Express dated 8.5.37~~
and he is requested to
submit a report on the
incident referred to therein.

To

The D. M. of South Kanara.

Wg

19/5/37

DM
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Ad 1 month

Van	5-8
Depa	19-5-37
Date	19-5-37

PRIVATE SECRETARY'S OFFICE, MADRAS.



Memo. No. 3-958/37.

Transferred to the Secretary to Government, Home

Department, for favour of disposal. The communication ~~has~~ has not
been acknowledged.

ENCLOSURES:—
1.

(By order of His Excellency the Governor.)

Private Secretary.

The 25th May 1937.

Mangalore, 4
20.5.37.

His Excellency, the Governor of Madras.

May it please your Excellency:

Sub Inspector,
K. Rama, attached to the Mangalore Town Police Station, caused the arrest of a driver for non-payment of fine inflicted upon him. The driver was brought to the police station and rebuked, using obscene language by the said Sub Inspector, K. Rama. A provocation made the driver retort. Thereupon the S.I., K. Rama thrashed and hammered the arrested driver to instant death. The D.M. I.S.O. South Kanara, Mangalore, - an Indian - a certain Nambiar - was summoned for examining the dead body instantly. Moral verdict was first given by the D.M. I.S.O. as the death having occurred to fatal blows amounting to death. Thereupon the public sensation was great. The S.I. in question, K. Rama bribed the D.M. I.S.O. by offering him a cover containing currency notes aggregating to Rs 500/- at his residence by closely following the D.M. I.S.O. from the station. It was first declared that the sub Inspector was summarily dismissed or suspended on the spot. But since

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The D.M. & S.O. has ~~acting~~ ^{acted}
 ultra vires, upon receipt of the ~~tribe~~
 and issued a certificate in writing
 a second time, showing the death to
 have occurred ~~to have~~ owing to previous
 disease prevalent in the body of the
 deceased, the authorities here have
 managed conjointly to hush the matter
 up. There is no ~~Ind~~ European Judge,
 Collector or D.M. & S.O. for this district.
 If an European was here, this farce
 would not have been feasible. Will
 you please take this matter up
 immediately and cause the necessary
 investigation to be held and action
 taken against the sub Inspector
 who has murdered one of His Majesty's
 subjects? Tomorrow, he will murder
 more. There is great agitation in the
 whole district, unrest and disgust.
 Peaceful people have got frightened
 when a Police Sub Inspector has
 murdered a man and the Govt is
 not taking any action on him.
 Please restore peace to the public.

Your Excellency's most
 obedient subject.

Nainpalli Rama Rao
 Land Holder
 Mangalore.

Ref. C1 1492/M/37.

Confidential.

South Kanara District Magistrate's
Office,

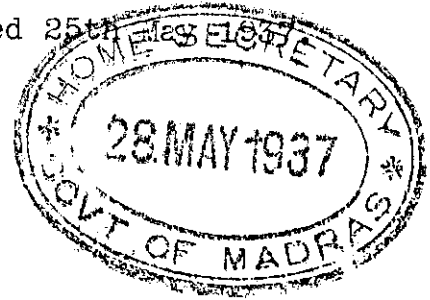
Mangalore, dated 25th May 1937

From

T. A. Varghese, Esq, I.C.S.,

District Magistrate,

South Kanara.



To

The Secretary to Government,

Home Department, Madras.

Sir,

Police--Mangalore Town--Death of a Motor driver in the
lock up--report submitted.

Ref:- Government Memorandum No. 1891 A--1, dated 19th
May 1937.

The deceased Sanku Shetty was a taxi driver of Mangalore. He was a man of a very turbulent disposition and addicted to heavy drinking. The police had launched security proceedings against him and the trial was pending when he died. On 1.5.1937 the Sub Divisional Magistrate examined some witnesses in the security case. Sanku Shetty was on bail. Some time prior to 1.5.1937 Sanku Shetty had been convicted by the local Bench Court under the Motor Vehicles Act. He had not paid the fine imposed on him and an arrest warrant was pending against him on 1.5.1937. After the hearing of the security case in the Sub Divisional Magistrate's Court Sanku Shetty was arrested by the Town police to be produced before the Bench Court. He was kept in the lock up on the night of 1.5.1937. He was found dead in the lock up at 3.15 p.m. on 2nd May 1937. After holding the inquest the body was sent for post mortem examination at about 6 p.m. The post mortem was conducted the next day at about 10 A.M.

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I am enclosing herewith typed copies of the more relevant records of the investigation conducted by the Sub Divisional Magistrate. In his report (P.9 to 19) he has dealt with the case fully. *ref to 25 infra* The Sub Divisional Magistrate holds that Banku Shetty died a -- natural death; but suspects that death must have occurred much earlier than 3.15 p.m. The Sub Divisional Magistrate has given reasons for holding this view.

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Dr. Vittal Shetty the Chairman of the Bangalore Municipal Council took the role of a prosecutor immediately he got the information of the occurrence. He appears to have made out a theory that Banku Shetty died in the night as a result of violence on his person and that the Station House Officer intentionally kept the body in the lock up till 3.30 p.m. so that the body may decay and that the cause of death might become obscure. Throughout the investigation he has been trying to get evidence to give shape to this theory. The Sub Divisional Magistrate and myself were keeping the possibility of the correctness of this theory in our minds during the investigation. I am satisfied that the theory of personal violence cannot stand. Dr. Vittal Shetty had seen the body before the Post mortem. No serious external injury was noticed. The few punctiform abrasions are properly explained. There are no internal injuries either (vide post mortem certificate p.21). *ref 26 infra* An attempt was made to find out whether the deceased gave any immediate provocation for an assault on his person. The fact that he was a man of turbulent character could not be taken as a sufficient ground for an assault on him by the police. The security case had been pending for over 3 months. Ordinarily when once a charge sheet is filed against a person and the matter is in Court the personal grudge, if any, entertained by a police officer usually disappears. Only if the deceased had abused any of the police officers on the evening of the ^{1st. 7.4.44} ~~2nd~~ there could be reason to suspect that the police officers had a motive to assault the deceased. No such evidence is available in this case. On the medical evidence it cannot be said that death must have taken place earlier than

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3.15 p.m. Even assuming that the death did take place overnight it is not difficult to see why information was not laid earlier than 3.15 p.m. Each sentry constable in his turn might have thought that the death of the prisoner should not be noticed -- during his charge and would have passed on the responsibility to the next man. There is also evidence to show that Sanku Shetty had not been keeping good health. He had a spleen weighing 21 ounces. About a month prior to his death while the security case was proceeding in Court he collapsed suddenly and had to be carried away. The case had to be adjourned. He was a Malaria patient. Even on 1.5.37 he was keeping indifferent health when he attended Court.

As pointed out by the Sub Divisional Magistrate there has been some slackness at the police station. I have drawn the attention of the District Superintendent of Police to this fact and requested him to take suitable action. He has promised to do so. I do not think that any further action is called for. The investigation has been thorough and the attitude taken up by Dr. Vittal Shetty has been of great help in collecting and sifting all the evidence that could possibly be had.

In this connection I received two petitions from the M.L.As from South Kanara (vide pages 5 and 33). My replies are at pages 13, 35 and 41. Dr. Vittal Shetty saw me on 24.5.1937. He expressed before me his satisfaction at the way the matter was dealt with by the Magistracy. He appears to be convinced that there was no foul play; but of course he is reluctant to admit it. He wanted to go through the records. I did not permit him to do so. He has raised the question whether the relations of the deceased are not entitled to get a copy of the post mortem certificate to find out how Sanku Shetty died. I see no objection in creating a copy of the postmortem certificate. I request that I may be permitted to do so. I am awaiting a reply from the Government on this point.

Your obedient servant,

7A Langford 25-5-37

Dt. Magistrate.

List of copies of papers.

- (1) Letter of Sub Divisional Magistrate, Mangalore, dated 4th May 1937. *p. 10 in file*
- (2) Report of Station House Officer, Mangalore Town, to Sub Magistrate, Mangalore. *p. 11 in file*
- (3) Letter dated 6th May 1937 from the M. L. As to the District Magistrate. *p. 12 in file*
- (4) Letter of the District Magistrate dated 7th May 1937 to the M.L.As. *p. 13 in file*
- (5) Report dated 7th May 1937 of the Sub Divisional Magistrate, Mangalore. *pp. 14-24 in file*
- (6) Copy of District Magistrate's endorsement to District Superintendent of Police dated 13th May 1937. *pp. 24-25 in file*
- (7) Postmortem certificate. *p. 26-27 in file*
- (8) Deposition of District Medical Officer. *pp. 28-31 in file*
- (9) Letter of Sub Divisional Magistrate, Mangalore dated 15th May 1937. *pp. 32-34 in file*
- (10) Letter from District Magistrate dated 13th May 1937 to the M.L.As. *p. 35 in file*
- (11) Letters from Messrs. A.B. Shetty and K.S. Karanth dated 16th May 1937. *pp. 36-42 in file*
- (12) Letter dated 18th May 1937 of District Magistrate to Messrs Shetty and Karanth. *p. 43 in file*
- (13) Endorsement to Sub Divisional Magistrate dated 18th May 1937.
- (14) Deposition of the Municipal Chairman. *pp. 44-46 in file*
- (15) Sub Divisional Magistrate's report dated 20th May 1937.

A Langford 25⁵/₁₇
District Magistrate.

From M.R.Ry. M.S. Jagannayakulu Nayudu Garu, B.A.,
 Sub Divisional Magistrate, Mangalore Division.
 To the District Magistrate, South Kanara.
 Ref.C.No.2020-37-C dated 4th May 1937.

PRISONER - Sanku Shetty - Death in Police custody -
 Report-

On the evening of 1-5-1937 one Sanku Shetty, a taxi car driver of Mangalore, was arrested by the Town Police on a warrant issued by the 1st Class Bench of Magistrates, Mangalore, for non-payment of fine and put in the police lock up at 6.30 P.M. The police report that at 3.15 P.M. on 2-5-1937 the prisoner (Sanku Shetty) was found dead in the lock up. A copy of the police report in the matter is enclosed. The Stry. Sub --- Magistrate, Mangalore, held an inquest over the dead body the same evening and sent the body for post-mortem examination at about 7 P.M. that night. The District Medical Officer himself conducted the post-mortem examination. There were no marks of violence external or internal which could have caused the death. But owing to the fairly advanced state of decomposition of the body, the District Medical Officer could not give any opinion as to the cause of death. When examined by me, he --- stated that it was not possible to give any opinion as to the cause of death, owing to the advanced state of decomposition which in his opinion was hastened by the high humidity and temperature now obtaining in Mangalore.

I have taken up the investigation into the cause of death yesterday and am continuing it to-day. I have examined in all fifteen witnesses. There remain one or two other --- relevant witnesses; but they are not available to-day. I shall complete the investigation by to-morrow and submit a complete report to-morrow.

(True Copy)

2/5/37
 For Dt. Magistrate.

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Copy of Report to the Stry. II Class Magistrate, Mangalore,
dated 2nd May 1937.

A I beg to report that one Sanku Shetty son of Thyampanna Shetty, Bunt by caste and resident of Jeppu was brought to the station at 6.30 P.M. on 1-5-1937 by Head Constable 663 Shri Kanta of Traffic Section having arrested him at Hampankatta Car Stand at 6 P.M. as per M.B.Warrant issued by I Class Bench of Magistrates in C.C.No.171/1937 for non-payment of fine Rs.25/- and was locked up in the Town Station Police Lock-up. This Sanku Shetty was in the lock-up on 1-5-1937 night and until 3.15 P.M. this day. When P.Cs. 204 and 326 went to the lock-up to escort him before the Bench Court President, they found him dead at the place where he was lying on a mat. Then Station Writer Head Constable 560 I.D'Sa and Section Officer P.C.701 Appanna and Station Sentry P.C.376 Valerin D'Souza verified and found him to be dead probably due to heart-failure. Please come over to the station to hold inquest.

Yours obedient,

Sd/- K. Rama,
2-5-1937.
Sub Inspector.
Mangalore Town Station.

(True copy)

94/Amph
For Dt. Magistrate.

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Letter from Messrs. A.B. Shetti, Esquire, M.L.A.,
K.R. Karant, Esquire, M.L.A., B.V. Baliga, Esq., M.L.A.
C.J. Varkey, Esquire, M.L.A., K. Ishwara, Esq., M.L.A.
To the District Magistrate, South Kanara, Mangalore.
Mangalore, dated 6th May 1937.

We have learnt of the recent death inside the lock-up
in the Mangalore Town Police Station of one Sanku Shetti, ---
taxi-driver. The public outside are very much agitated over
the death and suspect it is due to foul play.

As the matter is very serious and the police themselves
are involved, we request you to take personal interest in the
matter to see that justice does not suffer.

(True Copy)

9th June
Per Dt. Magistrate.

From T.A. Varghese, Esquire, I.C.S., District Magistrate,
South Kanara.

To M.R.Ry. A. B. Shetty, Avl., M.L.A., Mangalore.

Mangalore, dated 7th May 1937.

Cl-1327-M-37.

Ref:- Your letter dated 6th May.

The matter has been engaging my attention. The Sub
Divisional Magistrate, Mangalore has taken up the investigation.
On receipt of the investigation report I shall let you know
the result. I can assure you that every effort will be made
to render justice. If you have any reasonable grounds for
suspecting foul play I shall feel most obliged if any of you will
kindly place the suspicious circumstances before the Sub ----
Divisional Magistrate or before myself.

Copy to the Sub Divisional Magistrate, Mangalore.

(True copy)

T.A. Varghese
For Dt. Magistrate.

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From M.R.Ry. M.S. Jagannayakulu Nayudu Garu, B.A.,
Sub Divisional Magistrate, Mangalore Division.
To the District Magistrate, South Kanara.
Mangalore dated 7th May 1937.
No.2020-37-C.

PRISONER (Sanku Shetty) - Death in police custody -
Report -

Reference:- My report C.No.2020-37-C, dated 4-5-37.

K | On the evening of 1-5-1937 Sanku Shetty, a taxi car driver
of Mangalore, was arrested by Head Constable No.663 on a warrant
Exhibit A, issued by the First Class Bench of Magistrates, ---
Mangalore, in B.C.C.No.171/1937 on its file for non-payment of
a fine of Rs.25/- and was put in the police lock-up in the Town
Police Station at 6.30 P.M. The next day at 3.15 P.M. he was
found dead in the lock-up by P.Cs. 326 and 204, who had been
deputed to escort the prisoner to the President of the 1st
Class Bench of magistrates. The information was immediately
conveyed to the Station House Officer who sent the necessary
reports to all concerned officers. The Stationary Sub Magistrate
Mangalore, then held the inquest over the dead body and sent it
A | for post-mortem examination the same night at about 7.30 P.M.
D | The next day, i.e. at 10 A.M. on 3-5-1937, the District Medical
Officer conducted the post-mortem examination.

2. He found no injuries either external or internal which
could have caused the death. He no doubt found some small ---
punctiform abrasions on the face and above the bridge of the nose
but they were apparently not caused by violence from another ---
person. They might very probably have been caused by the ----
deceased rolling on the mat on which he was lying and by the
face coming in contact with the mat or the hard floor.

3. The body was in an advanced state of decomposition
and so no opinion could be given as to the cause of death. The
rigor mortis had not yet completely passed off. It had passed

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- 2 -

off the lower jaw, was passing off in the upper extremities and was still present in the lower extremities. From the state of the rigor mortis, the doctor does not think that there is anything improbable in the story that the man died at about 3 P.M. on 2-5-1937. The advanced state of ----- decomposition, he thinks, may have been due to high humidity and the high temperature at present obtaining in Mangalore.

4. The question is as to when and how Sanku Shetty died. The medical evidence unfortunately does not help us in determining either the time or the cause of death. It is not probable that he died as a result of any violence. There were no marks of violence on the person of the deceased. There were also no internal injuries. Death was probably -- therefore natural. Whether it was due to heart failure as surmised by the police or was due to some other cause not easily ascertainable is more than I can say, since the Dt. Medical Officer himself, after a thorough and careful post-mortem examination could not give any opinion.

5. Regarding the exact time of death, it is difficult to state anything with certainty. The police who were in immediate charge of the prisoner, while he was in the lock-up, are themselves not very definite. They say that they discovered him dead only at 3.15 P.M. The medical evidence does not --- render this story improbable or absurd. But from the evidence of the sentry constables, I am led to suspect that he probably died much earlier than 3.15 P.M., the hour at which, it is alleged, he was first discovered dead. I have examined all the police constables on sentry duty during the twentyone hours that elapsed from the time the prisoner was put in the lock-up to the time he was found dead. It is clear from their ---- evidence that the deceased was not taken out of the cell at all throughout this period either for answering calls of nature or for allowing him to wash his face. The explanation furnished is not very convincing. It is stated that he did

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GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS
HOME DEPARTMENT.

G.O.Ms.No. 5981 dated 13th December 1938.

JAILS- Prisoners- Whipping- Number of stripes reduced to 20 and 12 according to age of prisoner.

Read the following:-

From the Inspector General of Prisons No.
1418/S2/38 dated 14-6-1938.

ORDER:

Clause (12) of section 46 of the Prisons Act (ix of 1894) provides that the number of stripes that can be inflicted on a prisoner as a form of prison punishment shall not exceed thirty. The Government direct that the number of stripes to be inflicted on a prisoner shall not exceed twenty and twelve according as he is an adult or adolescent.

2. The Inspector General of Prisons is requested to issue intimation in this regard to Superintendents of Jails

(BY ORDER OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR)

H.R.UZIELLI
SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS
HOME DEPARTMENT.

G.O.Ms.No. 4866 dated 3rd December 1940.

JAILS- Prisoners- Condemned prisoners- Punishment of
whipping for prison offenees- Prohibited-

Read the following:-

From the Inspector General of Prisons Rc.No.
2334/S3/40 dt. 13-11-1940.

ORDER:

The Inspector General of Prisons is informed that whipping should not be inflicted on any condemned prisoners as a punishment for prison offence. He is requested to make this clear to all Superintendents of Jails and to incorporate this in Vol.III of the Madras Prisons and Reformatory Manual.

(BY ORDER OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR)

A.R.MACEWEN
SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT.

- - - - -

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

Received 1941

Registered 1941

Abstract

JAILS - Establishment - Lower division* clerks - Officiating promotion to the upper division* - Declared admissible under Fundamental Rule 30.

Home Department.

G.O.Ms.No.4005, dated 6th September 1941.

Read the following:--

From the Inspector General of Prisons, Roc.No.488-B2/41, dated nil.
To the -do- Memorandum No.8019/C-1, dated 9th April 1941.
From the -do- Roc.No.448/B2/41, dated 6th June 1941.
From the -do- -do- dated 22nd August 1941.

O r d e r;

The Government direct that officiating promotion of clerks from lower to upper division be admitted in the Jail department under Fundamental Rule 30 in the cases specified in the list annexed to these proceedings.

2. The Government do not consider that officiating promotions should be allowed to the posts of upper division clerks designated as D1. B1. and B3 in the office of the Inspector General of Prisons.

(By Order of His Excellency the Governor)

A.R.MacEwen,
Secretary to Government.

To the Inspector General of Prisons.(with enclosures)
To the Accountant General through the Finance Department
~~To the Finance Department~~
To the Public Department

/True Copy/
Forwarded / By Order

Superintendent.

Annexure

List showing the posts of clerks in the Jail department between which officiating promotion is admissible.

Office Posts between which officiating promotion is admissible.

	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>
1. Inspector General Prisons.	Lower Division Clerks	A1 - First accountant A2 - Second accountant A4 - Fourth accountant
2. All Central Jails and the Penitentiary Madras, except the Central Jail Coimbatore	Do	2 clerks in each jail working as store keepers and head clerks
3. Central Jail, Coimbatore	Do	1 clerk working as store keeper
4. District Jails Madura and Cuddalore	Do	1 clerk in each jail working as store-keeper
5. Borstal schools, Palamootah and Tanjore	Do	1 clerk in each school working as store keeper

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

Received.....1943

Registered.....1943.

Abstract.

Jails - Establishment - Officiating promotion between certain posts - Declared admissible under Fundamental Rule 30.

Home Department

G.O.Ms.No.517.

Dated 2nd March 1943.

Read the following paper:-

G.O.No.4005, Home, dated 6th September 1941.

From the Inspector General of Prisons, No.1006 B-1.42, dated 6th July 1942.

From the Inspector General of Prisons, No.1006 B-1.42 dated 12.12.1942.

O r d e r

The Government direct that under Fundamental Rule 30 officiating promotions be allowed in the jail department from the posts specified in column 1 of the list annexed to these proceedings to the posts mentioned in the corresponding entries in column 2.

2. The Government see no reason to reconsider the decision in paragraph 2 of G.O.No.4005, Home, dated 6th September 1941, declining to admit officiating promotion to the post of D-1(record keeper) in the office of the Inspector General of Prisons. They do not also consider that officiating promotion should be declared admissible to the post of upper division clerks on Rs.70-100/- designated as S-1 and B-1 and to the post of the fair copying Superintendent designated as C-1 in his office.

3. The Inspector General has proposed that officiating promotion should be allowed from the post of female gate-keeper to that of the Assistant Matron Superintendent. Upper rule 6 of the rules for the Madras Jail Subordinate Service (Branch I) read with the annexure as amended by G.O.No.4700 Home dated 22nd December 1942 a person appointed to the post of Assistant Matron Superintendent by direct recruitment or transfer from any other service except the Madras Ministerial Service, should possess an arts, science or medical degree. The qualification prescribed for appointment as female gate-keeper is the minimum general educational qualification. The Government are not prepared to allow officiating promotion from the post of gate-keeper to that of Assistant Matron Superintendent.

4. As regards the proposal of the Inspector General to allow officiating promotion from the posts of clerks and accountants on certain scales of pay to the posts of Deputy Jailers and Reserve Deputy Jailers, his attention is invited to paragraph 2 of G.O.No.2510, Law(General) dated 25th June 1931.

(By Order of His Excellency the Governor)

C.F.V.Williams,
Secretary to Government.

To the Inspector General of Prisons with statt.
To the Accountant General through the Finance Department.

/True Copy/ Forwarded / By Order/

ANNEXURE

List showing the posts in the Jail Department between
which officiating promotion is admissible,

<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>
1. Accountant and 2. Store keeper on Rc.53-70 in the Quinine Branch.	Manager, Quinine Branch
2. Female First Grade Warders	Female gate-keeper.
3. Special First Grade Petty Officers	Gate-keeper.
4. Assistant Dyeing Master	Dyeing Master.
5. Additional Carpenter Instructors	Carpenter Instructors

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS
HOME DEPARTMENT

Copy of Memorandum No.52103/44-1, Public (Services)
dated the 20th November 1944.

Sub: Public Services - Provincial and Subordinate
Services - Statutory rules - Relaxations - Copies
of orders to be sent to Madras Public Service
Commission.

Departments of the Secretariat are requested to
~~xxx~~ send in future to the Madras Public Service
Commission copies of all orders relating rules under
section 241(5) of the Government of India Act, 1935.
Paragraph 2 of letter Ms.No.2914, Public (Services)
dated the 4th October 1944 will be modified to this
extent.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS
HOME DEPARTMENT.

G.O.Ms.No. 3791 (Confdl) dated 4th September 1930.

PRISONERS- Punishment of whipping- Principles to be observe
confidential-

Read the following:-

From the Government of India, Home Department No.
D.5515-Political dated 9-8-1930.

ORDER:

The Government of India have emphasised the fact that public feeling against the infliction of the punishment of whipping on prisoners convicted for offences connected with political movements is very strong and that any abuse of its exercise is likely to arouse public sympathy with the Civil Disobedience movement. Under instructions from the Government of India, therefore, the Government direct that the following principles should be observed by prison authorities, in regard to the infliction of whipping as a prison punishment.

(1) Whipping should only be inflicted when the maintenance of jail discipline is at stake.

(2) Except with the previous sanction of the Government, whipping should not be inflicted on "A" and "B" class prisoners.

(3) Where indications are present that the necessity for the infliction of the punishment of whipping may occur, a previous warning which may, however, be of a general character, should be given to "C" class prisoners that they are liable to this punishment; and

(4) The previous sanction of the Government should be obtained before "C" class prisoners convicted in connection with any political movement are punished with whipping.

2. The Inspector General of Prisons is requested to issue instructions to all Superintendents of jails for the strict observance of these principles.

Engagements of Secretary, C & I Dept.,

1-4-59 4.3 P.M. Third meeting of the Malnad
Development Board. (File below)

(at Kemmangundi)

3-4-59 11 A.M. Meeting re: Manufacture of Hardboards
(in the chambers of Secy, C&F)

3.30 P.M. To meet the Directors of Mysore
Chrome Tanning Co., Ltd.

